

Vaardig genoeg voor de 21^{ste} eeuw?

Samen aan de slag met de Vlaamse PIAAC resultaten!



GELETTERDHEIDSCOMPETENTIES ZIJN VAN CRUCIAAL BELANG, MAAR BLIJKBAAR DAN OOK WEER NIET...

Dirk Van Damme, Head of the Innovation and Measurement
Progress Division, Directorate for Education and Skills, OECD

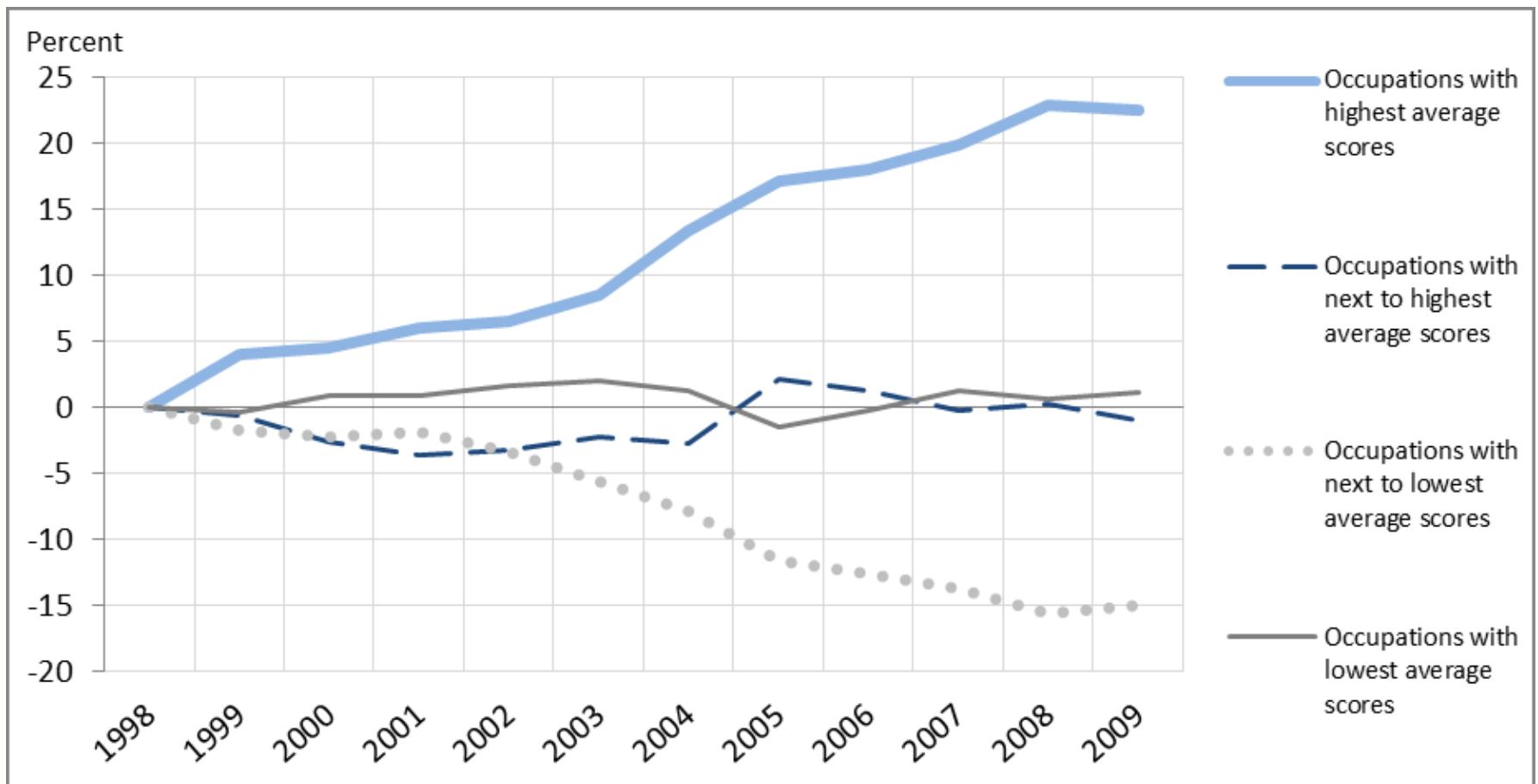
Overzicht

- Lage maar ook laag-midden competentieniveaus vormen een maatschappelijk risico
- Niet alleen opleiding, maar ook gebruik van competenties is cruciaal
- Competenties versus kwalificaties
- Voorbij geletterdheid
- Enkele conclusies

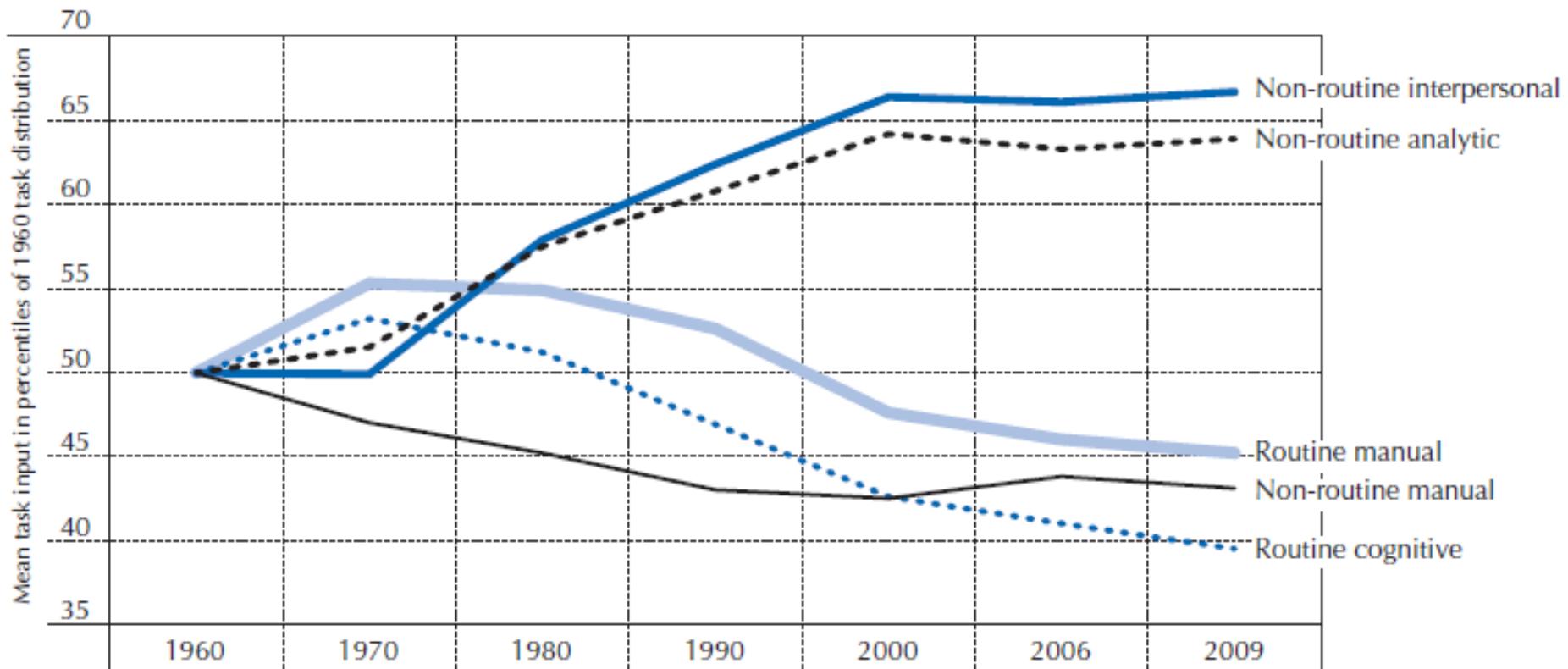


**LAGE MAAR OOK LAAG-MIDDEN
COMPETENTIE-NIVEAUS
VORMEN MAATSCHAPPELIJK
RISICO**

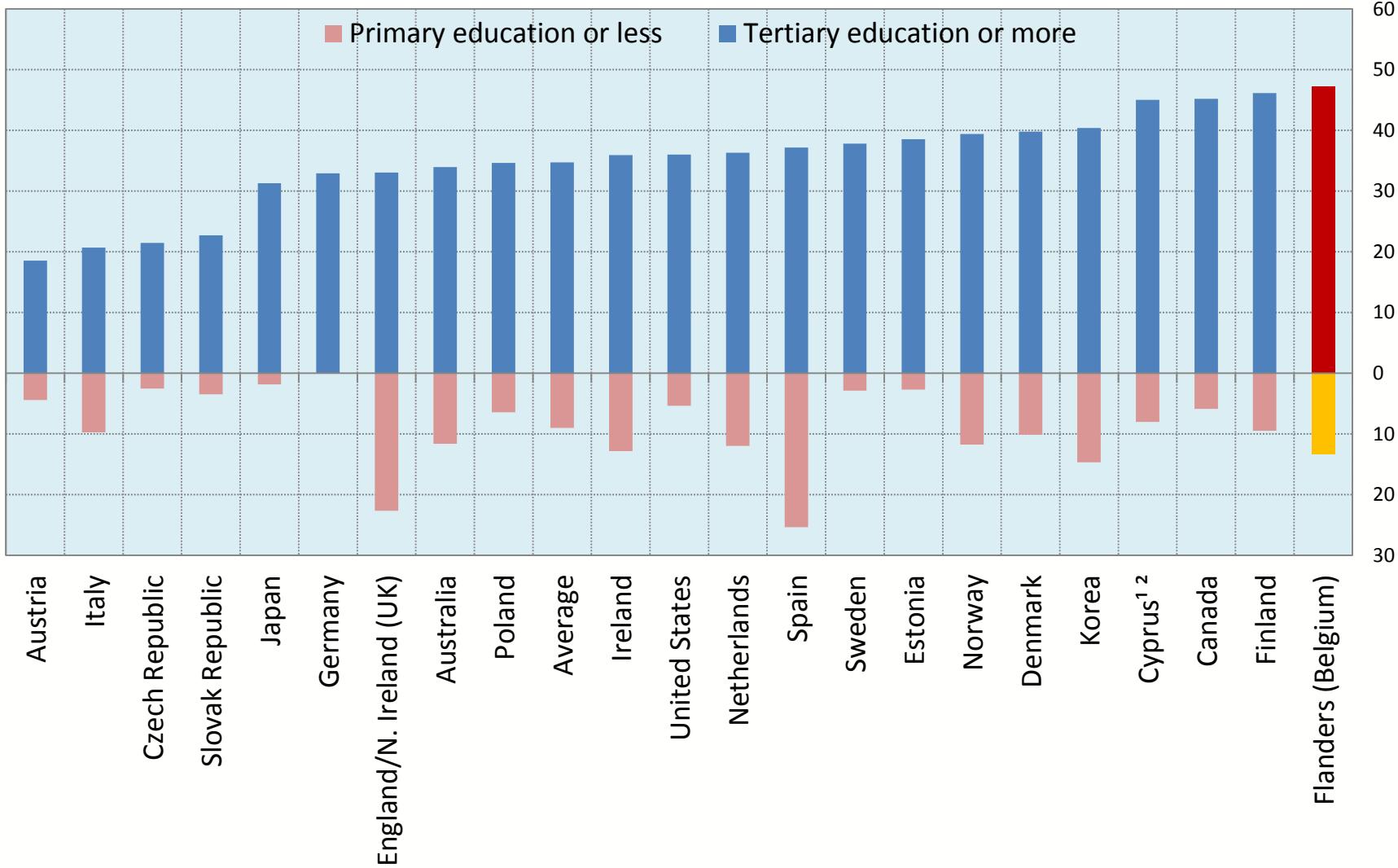
Evolution of employment in occupational groups defined by level of skills proficiency



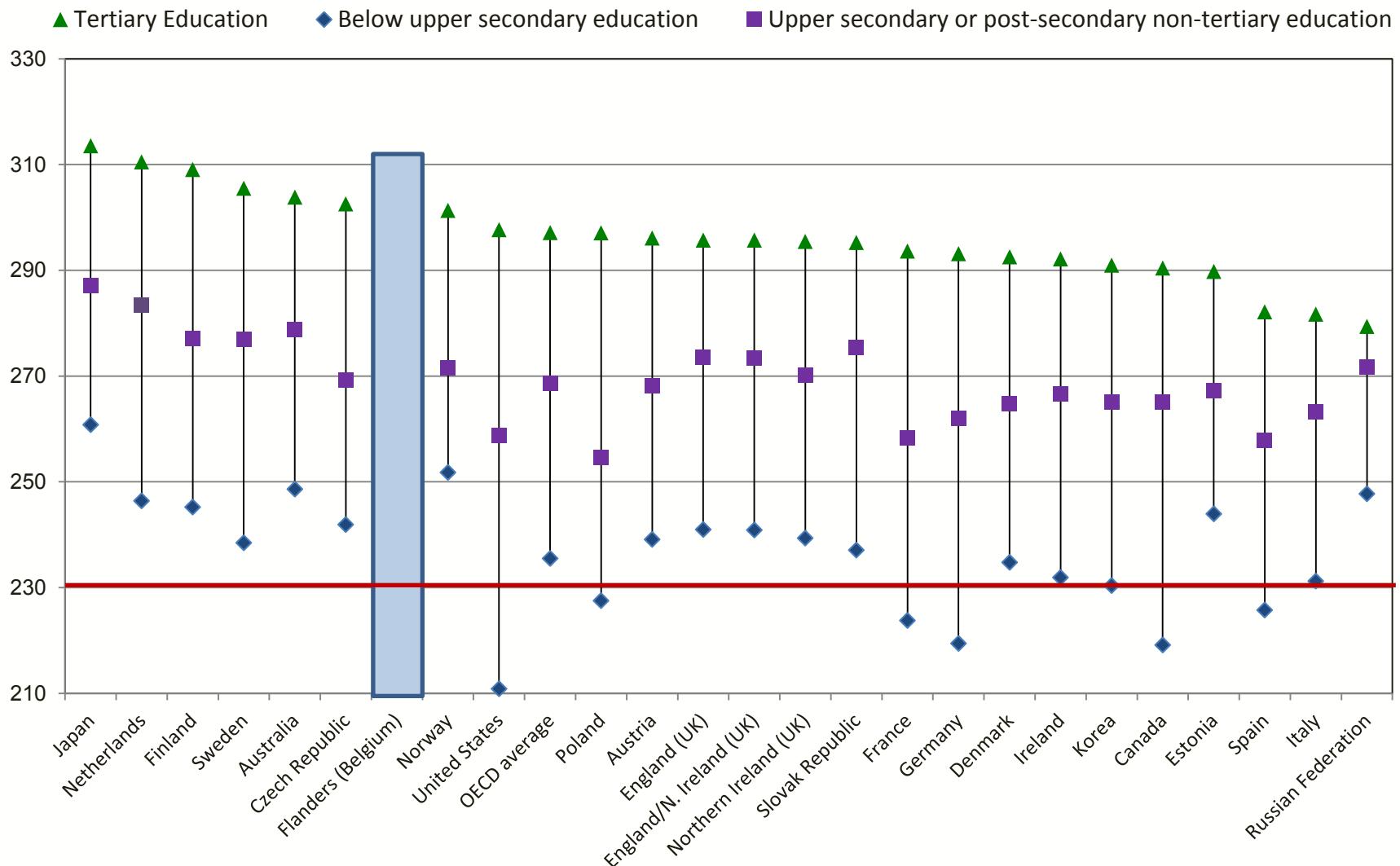
Changing skills demand



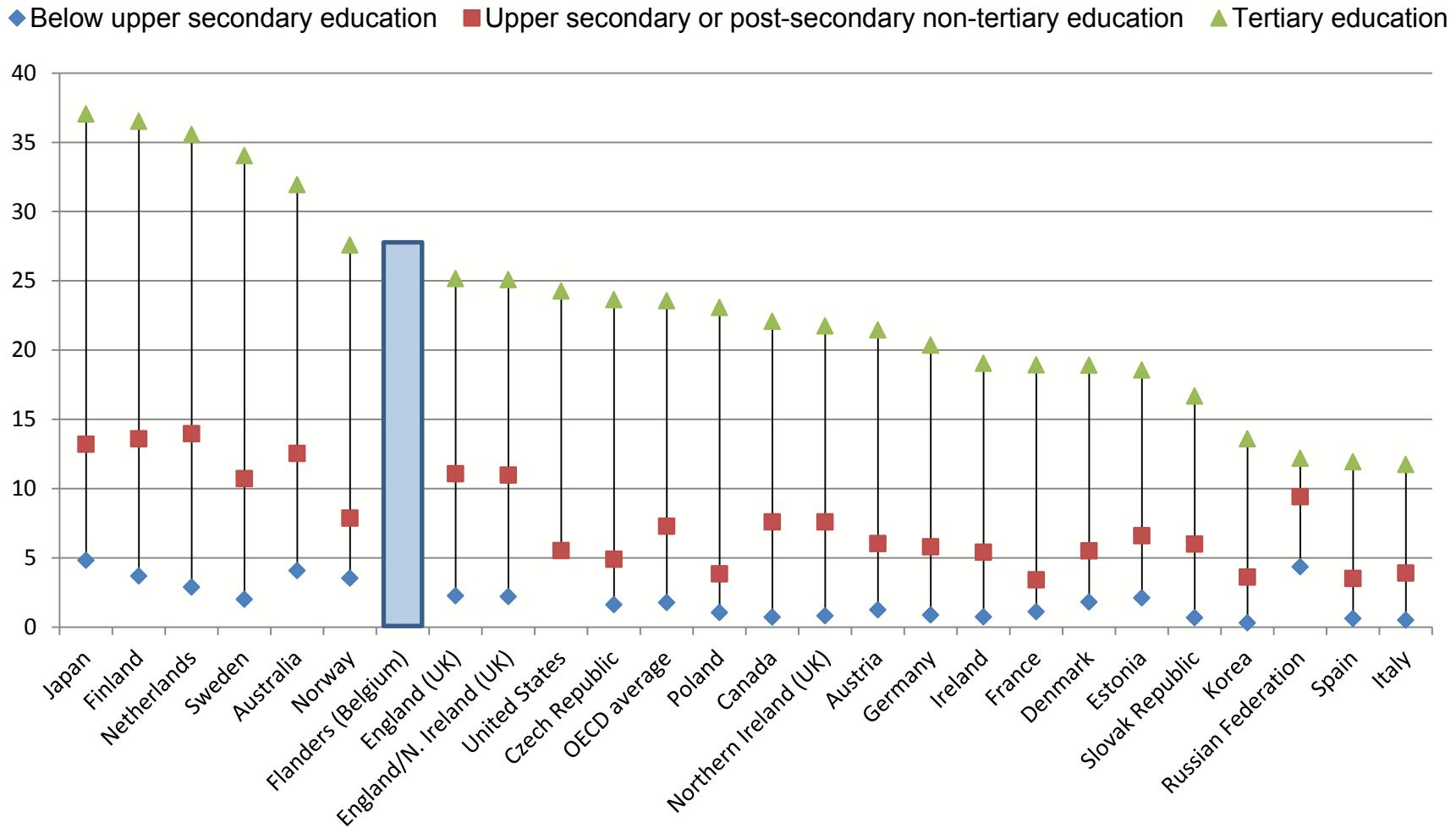
Percentage workers in high-qualified and unqualified jobs



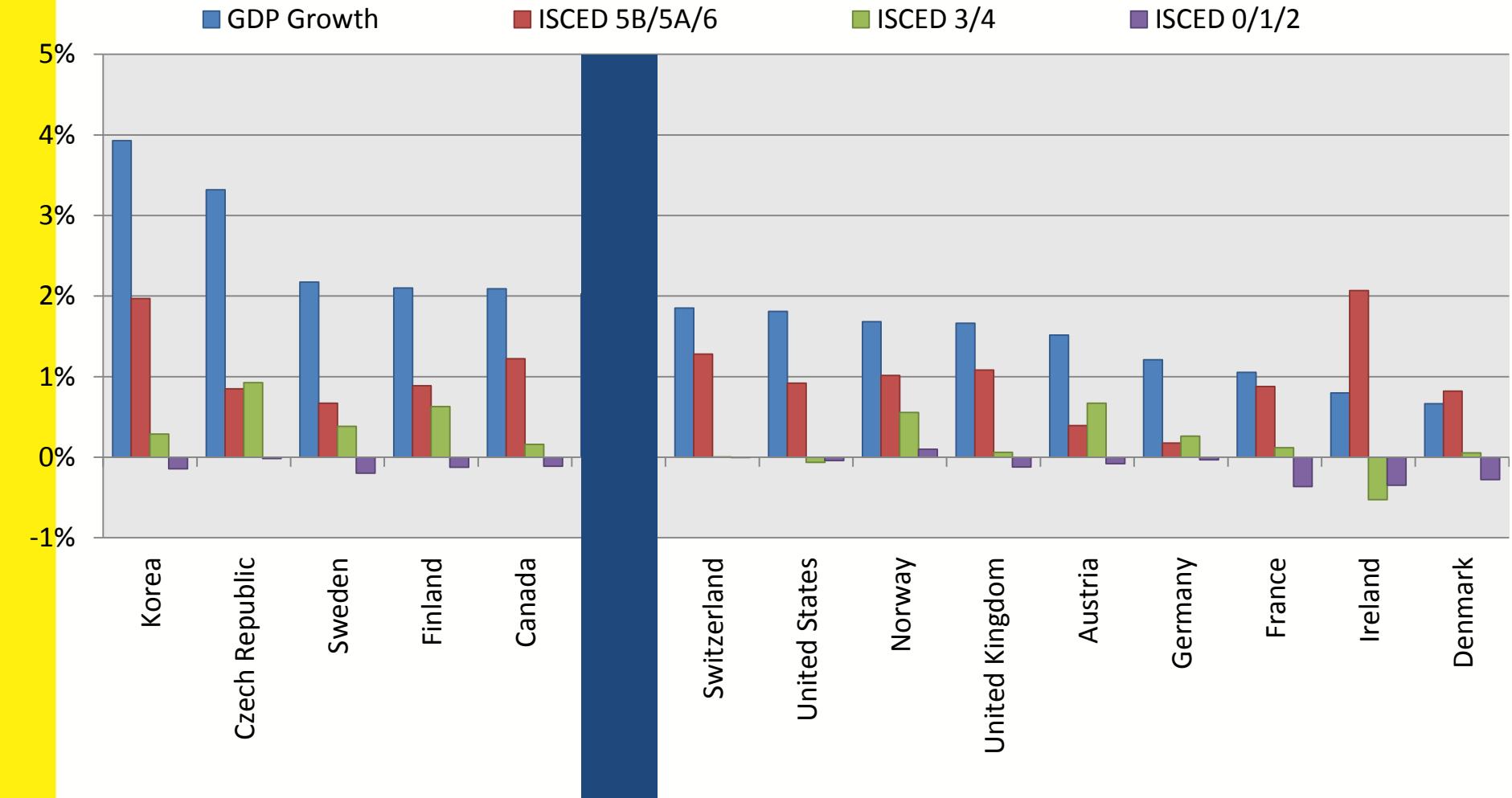
PIAAC mean literacy proficiency scores for 25-64 year-olds by educational attainment (2012)



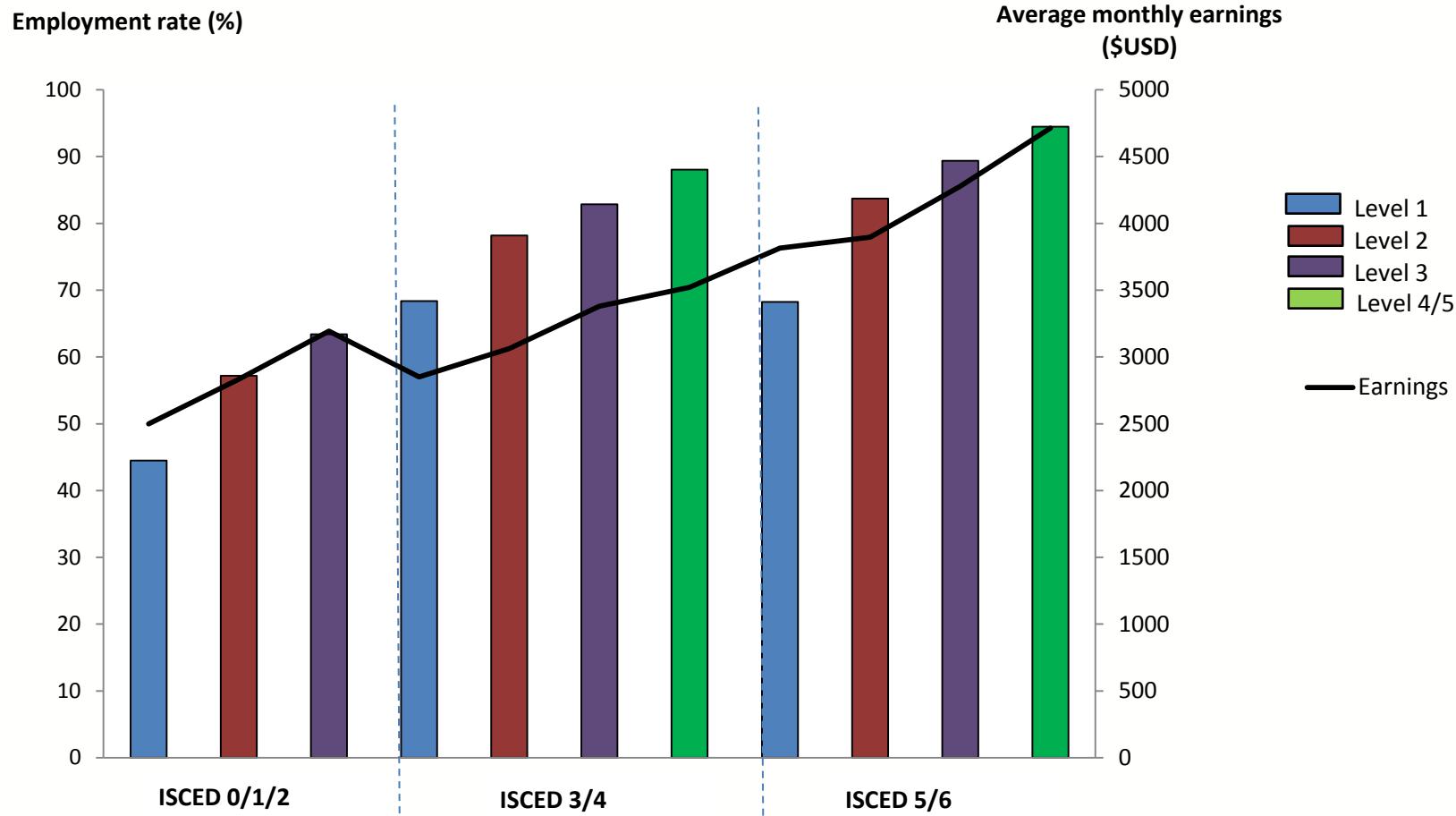
Proportion of 25-64 year-olds scoring at PIAAC proficiency level 4 and 5, by educational attainment of the population (2012)



Average GDP growth (real percentage change from the previous year) and labour income growth in GDP, by educational categories (2000-10)

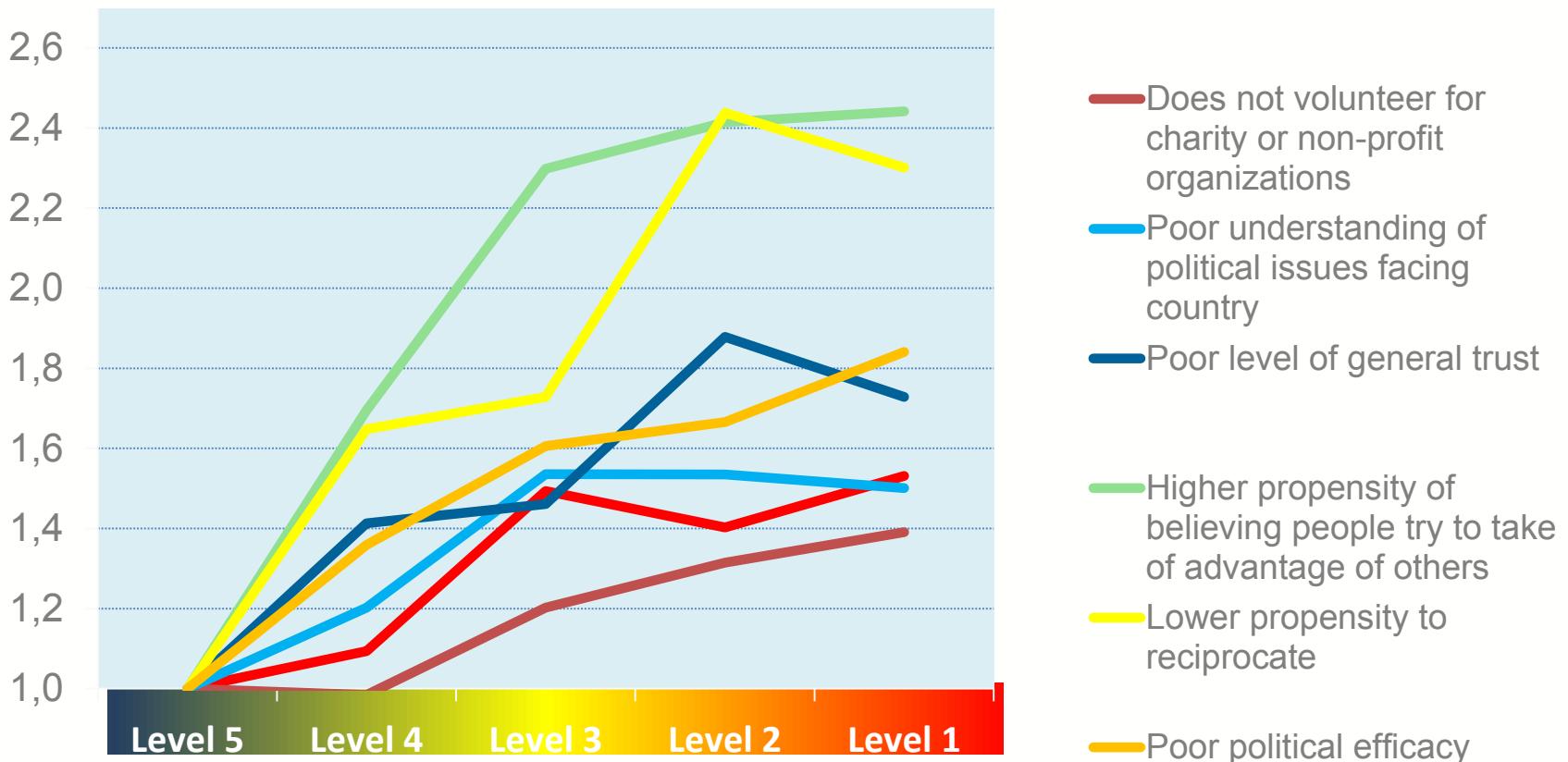


Employment rate and earnings by educational attainment and literacy - Flanders



Literacy skills also matter for social outcomes in life (PIAAC data)

Odds ratios



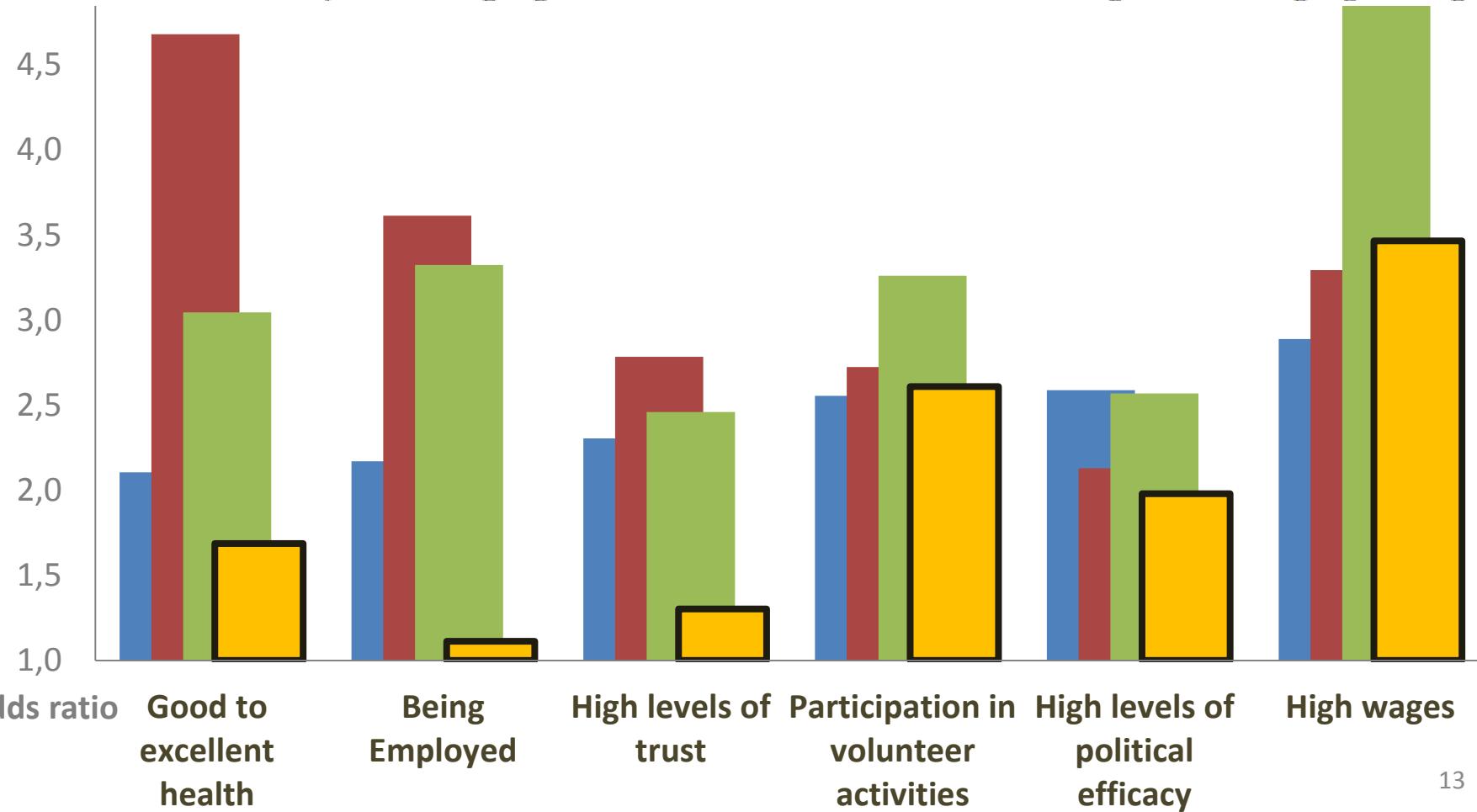
Odds are adjusted for age, gender, and immigration status.

Likelihood of positive social and economic outcomes among highly literate adults

(scoring at Level 4/5 compared with those scoring at Level 1 or below)

■ Average ■ Germany ■ England (UK) ■ Flanders (Belgium)

Notes: Odds ratios are adjusted for age, gender, educational attainment and immigrant and language background.

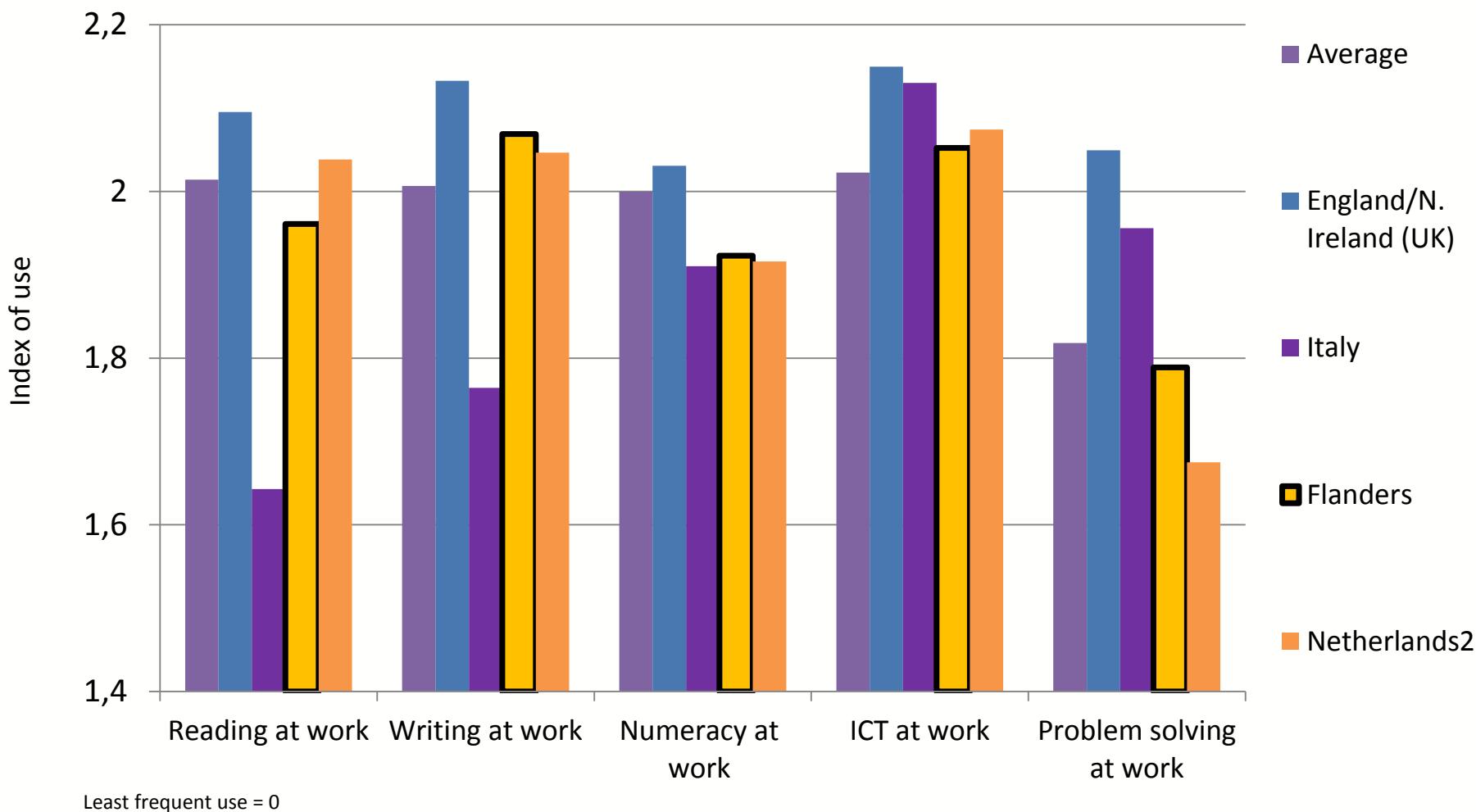




COMPETENTIES GEBRUIKEN IS CRUCIAAL

Use of skills at work

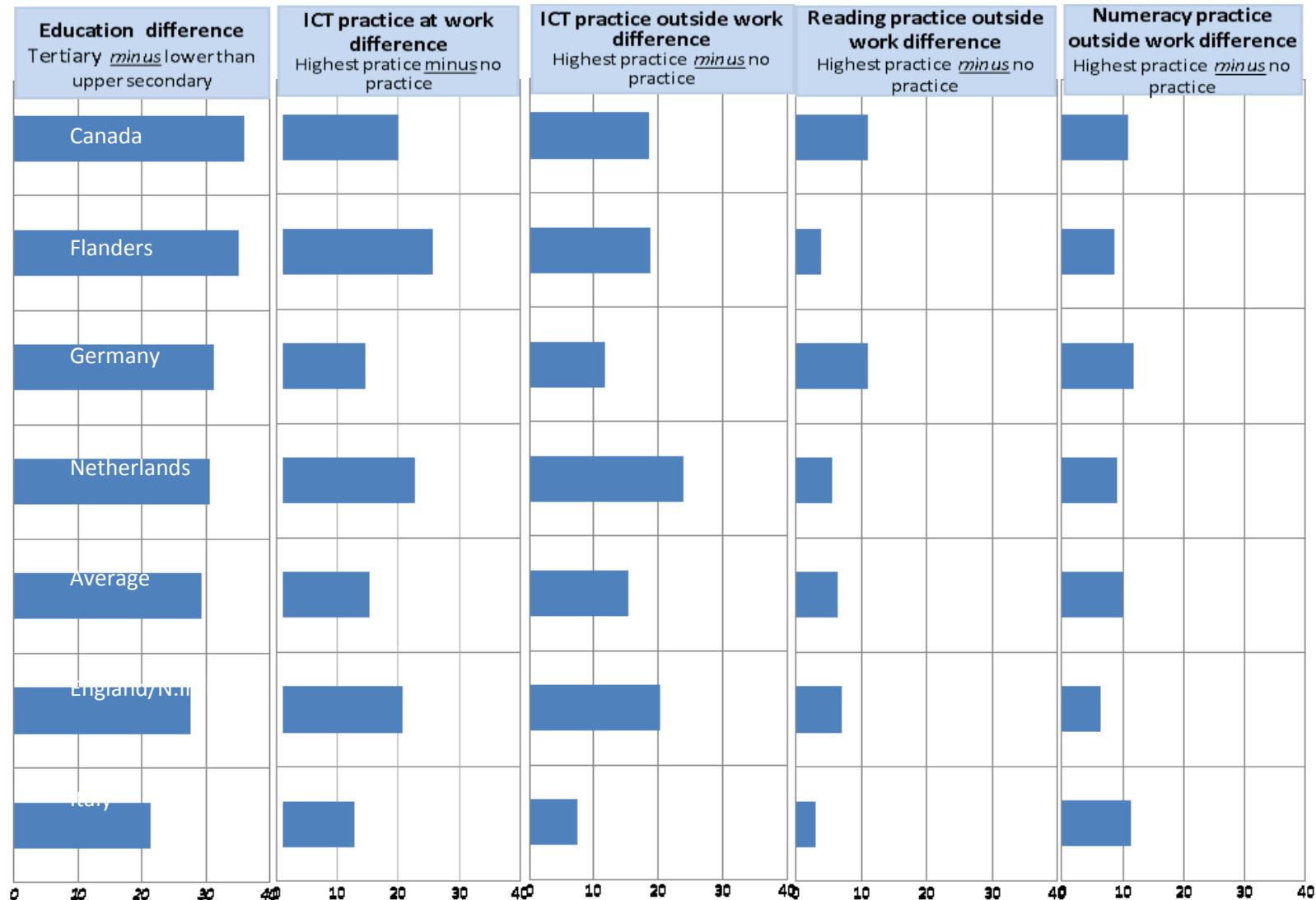
Most frequent use = 4



Least frequent use = 0

What matters for literacy proficiency

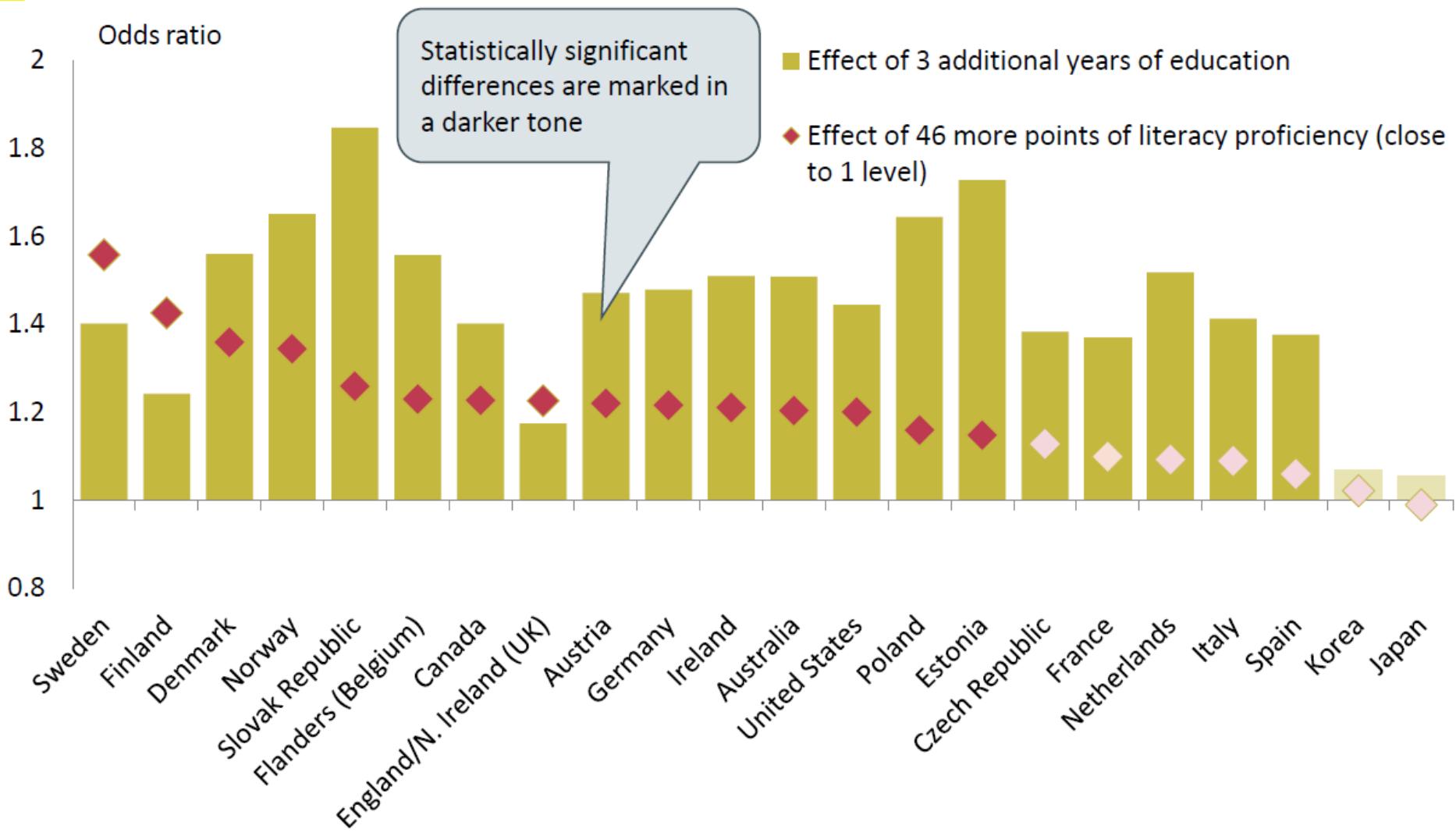
(score point differences)





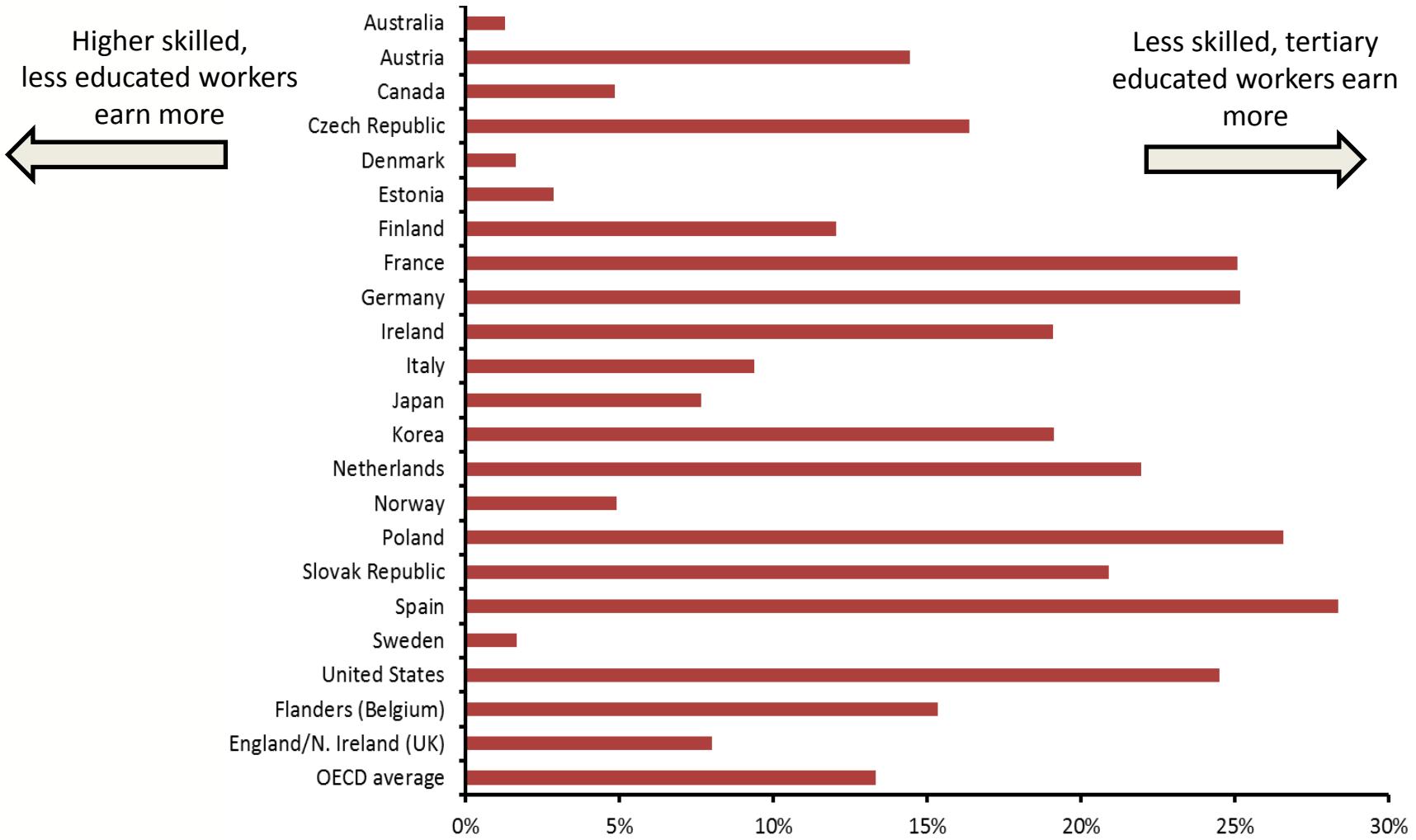
COMPETENTIES OF KWALIFICATIES?

The effect of education and literacy on labour market participation



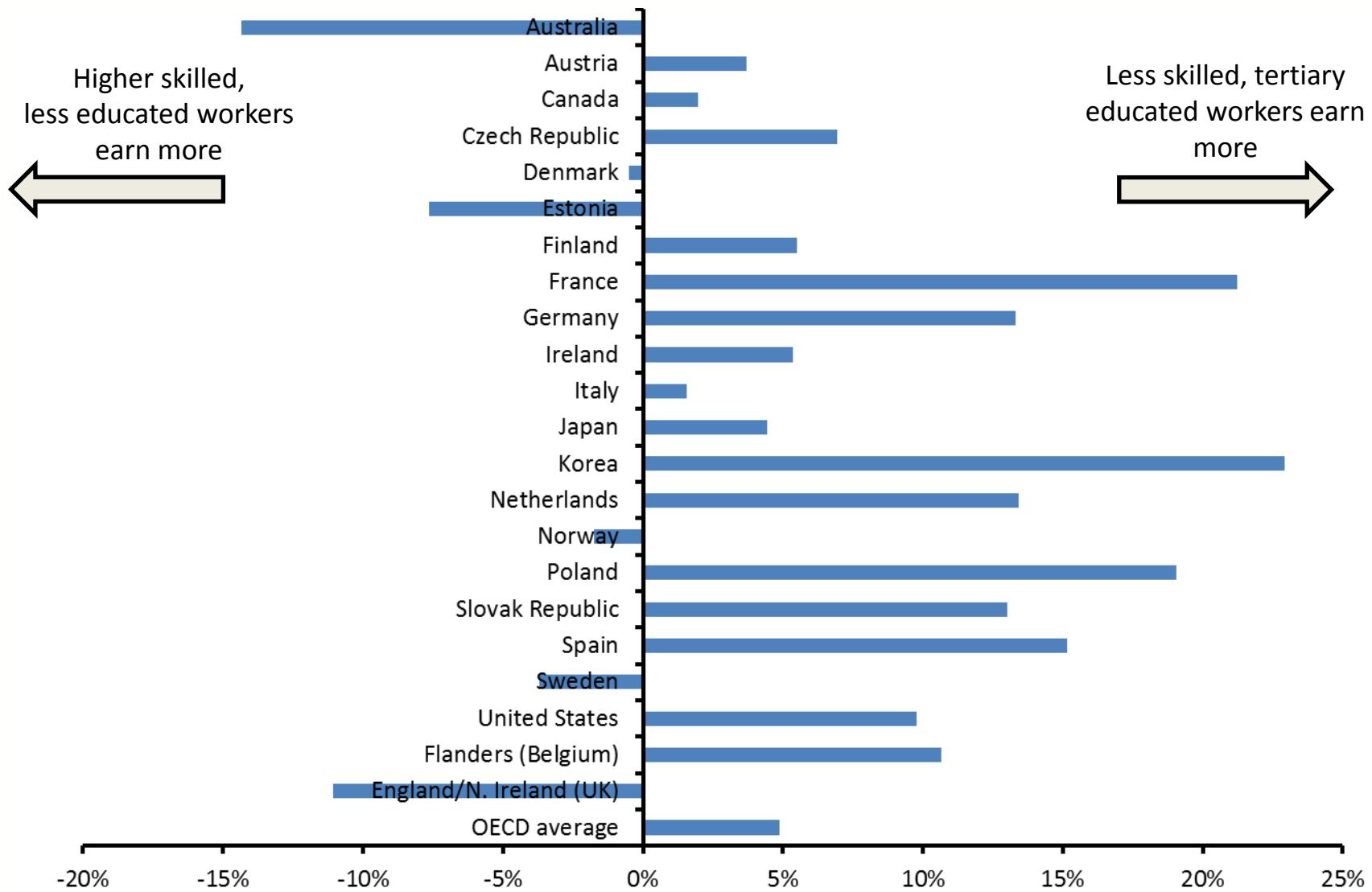
A tertiary qualification is key for higher earnings

Difference in average earnings of tertiary educated workers (with skill level 2) and more highly skilled non-tertiary educated workers (with skill level 3)



A tertiary qualification is key for higher earnings

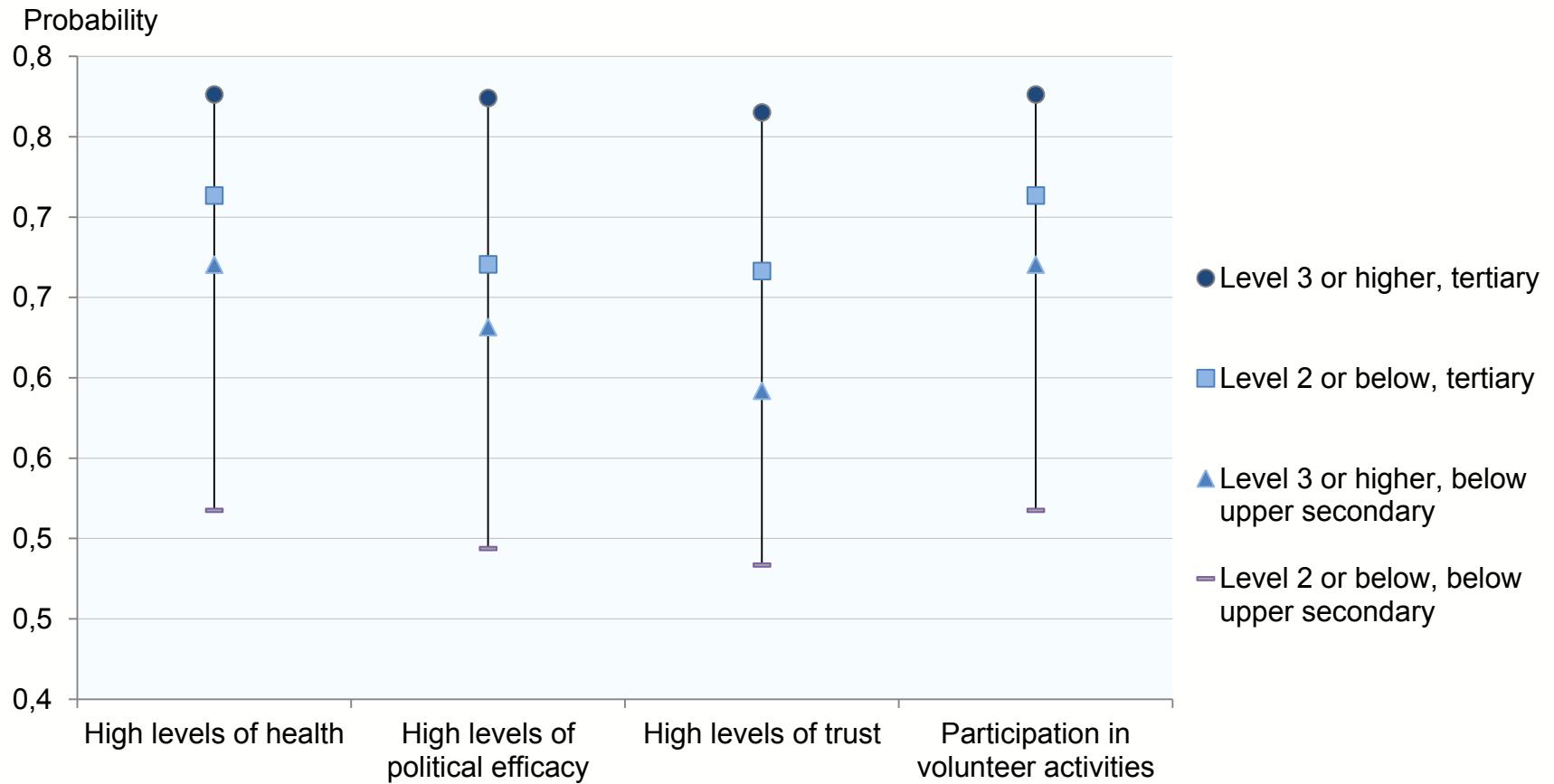
Difference in average earnings of tertiary educated workers (with skill level 2) and more highly skilled non-tertiary educated workers (with skill level 4/5)



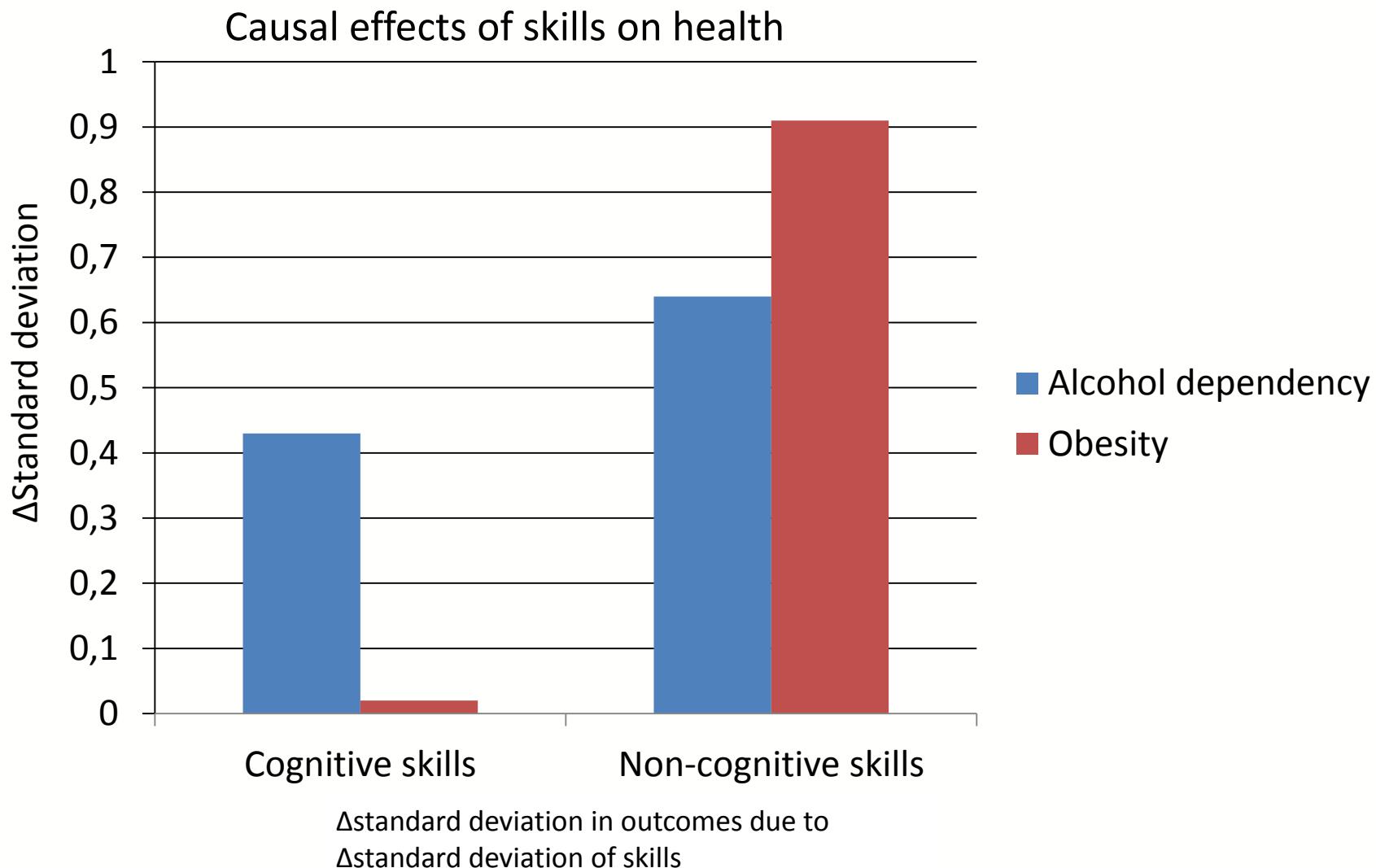


MEER DAN GELETTERTDHEID

Educational attainment related to positive social outcomes



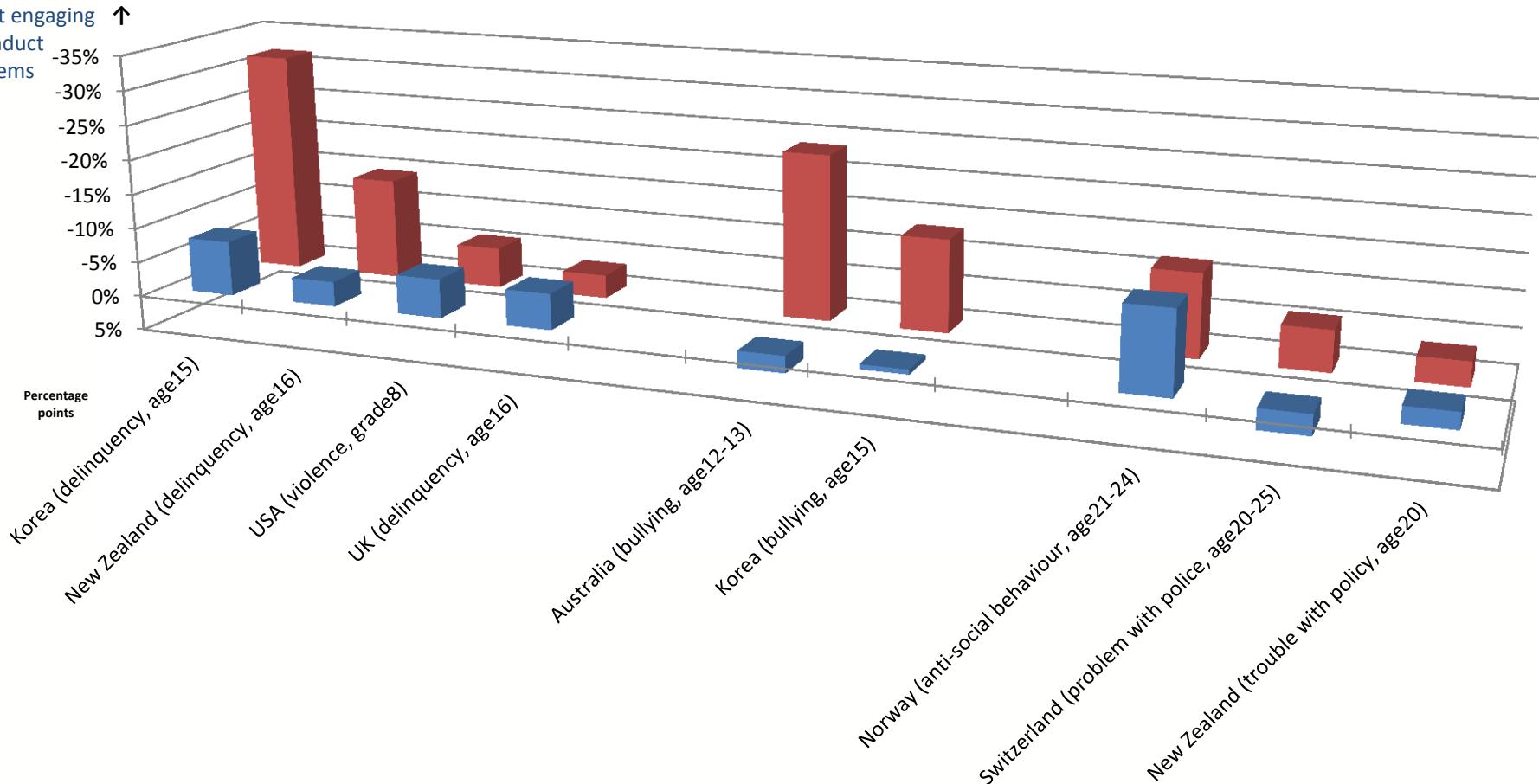
Non-cognitive skills matter as well



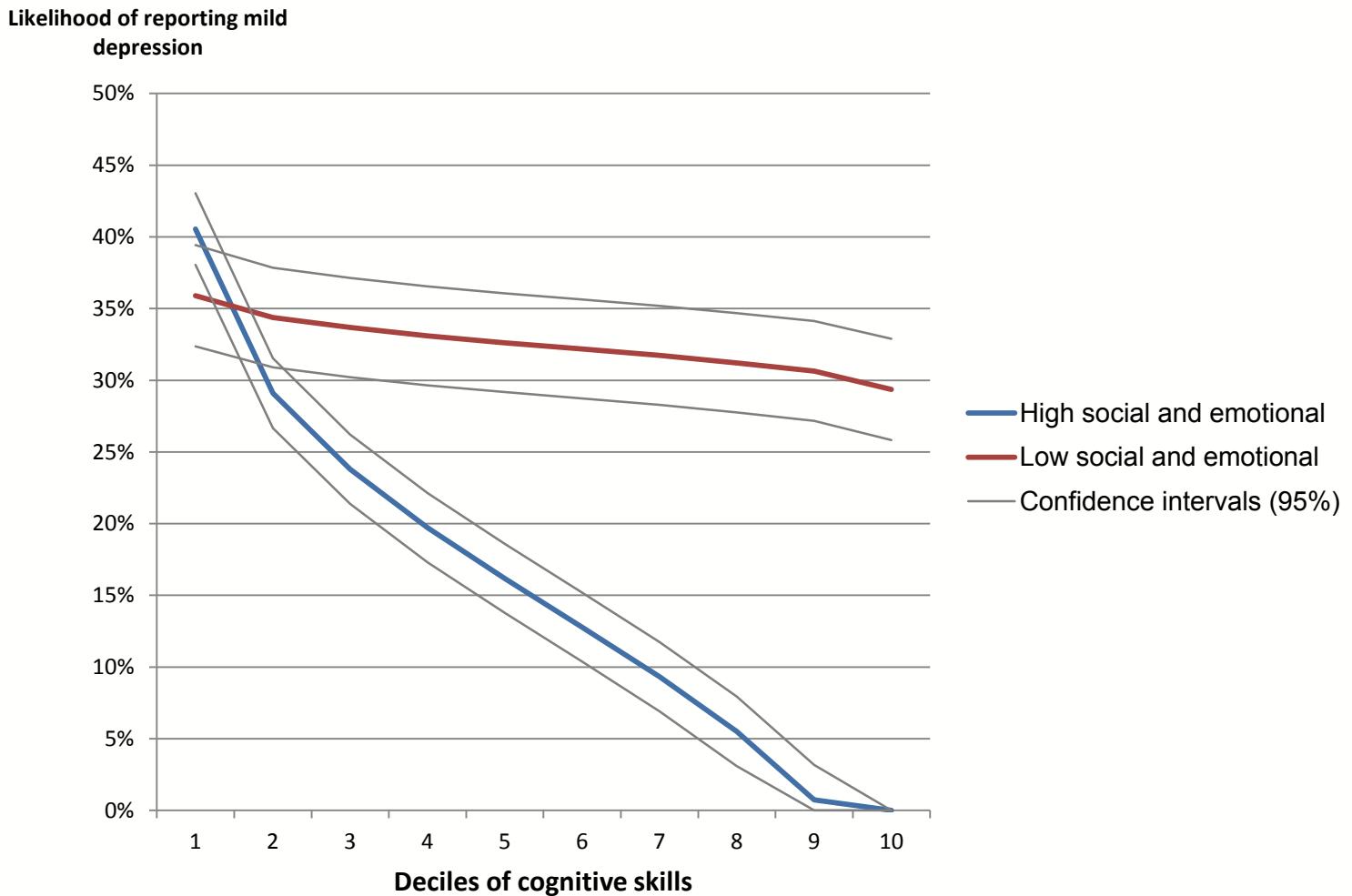
Impact of social and emotional skills on criminal behaviour

■ Cognitive ■ Social and emotional

Less likely to
report engaging
in conduct
problems ↑



Interaction between cognitive and non-cognitive skills





ENKELE CONCLUSIES

Enkele conclusies

- We moeten ons niet alleen zorgen maken over blijvend hoog aantal laaggeletterden, maar ook over de groep laag-midden geletterden
- Lage geletterdheid heeft allerlei problematische gevolgen, waarvan de maatschappelijke kost op lange termijn ondergewaardeerd wordt

Enkele conclusies

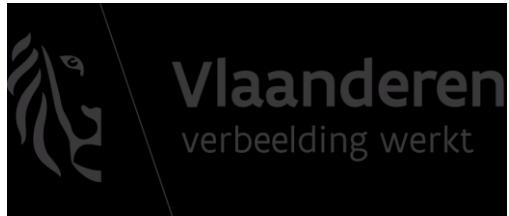
- Stimuleren van gebruik van competenties in werk en niet-werk omgevingen is cruciaal
- We moeten op een radicalere manier het kwalificatie-fetisjisme in vraag stellen en competenties beter valoriseren en waarden
- Naast en doorheen geletterdheid en cognitieve competenties blijken sociale en emotionele competenties erg belangrijk te zijn

Dank!

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